SHARE, SHARE CAPITAL AND LEGAL INFORMATION

7

7.1	THE S	OCIETE GENERALE SHARE	618
	7.1.1	Stock market performance	618
	7.1.2	Total return for shareholders	619
	7.1.3	Stock exchange listing	619
	7.1.4	Stock market indices	619
	7.1.5	2021 shareholder distribution	620
	7.1.6	History of shareholder distribution	620
7.2	INFO	RMATION ON SHARE CAPITAL	621
	7.2.1	Share capital	621
	7.2.2	Share buybacks and treasury shares	621
	7.2.3	Breakdown of capital and voting rights over 3 years	621
	7.2.4	Share buybacks	622
	7.2.5	Information on share capital	623
	7.2.6	Summary statement of transactions referred to in Article L. 621-18-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code	624
	7.2.7	Existing agreements between Societe Generale and its shareholders	624

7.3	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	625
7.4	BY-LAWS	627
7.5	INTERNAL RULES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	633
7.6	LIST OF REGULATED INFORMATION PUBLISHED IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS	643

7.1 THE SOCIETE GENERALE SHARE

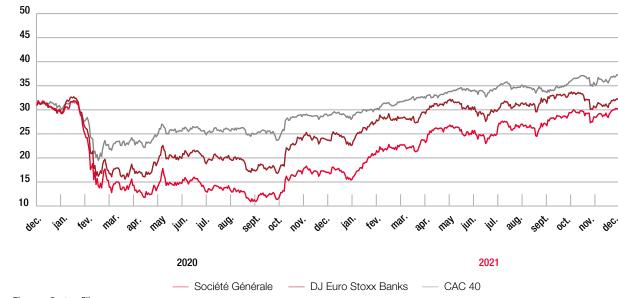
7.1.1 STOCK MARKET PERFORMANCE

Societe Generale's share price increased by 77.4% in 2021, closing at EUR 30.21 at 31 December 2021. This performance can be compared over the same period to an increase of 36.1% for the Eurozone bank index (DJ EURO STOXX BANK) and to an increase of 28.9% for the CAC 40 index.

At 31 December 2021, the Societe Generale Group's market capitalisation stood at EUR 25.8 billion, ranking it 26th among CAC 40 stocks (32nd at 31 December 2020), 27th in terms of free float (32nd at 31

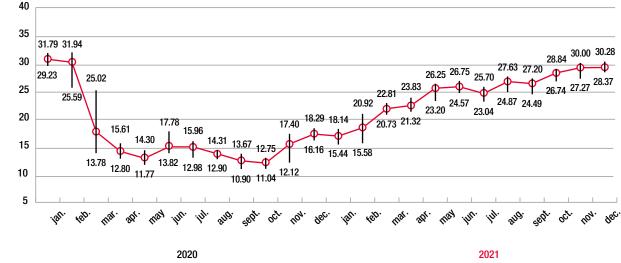
December 2020) and 10th among Eurozone banks (10 $^{\rm th}$ at 31 December 2020).

The market for the Group's shares remained highly liquid in 2021, with an average daily trading volume of EUR 87 million, representing a daily capital rotation ratio of 0.42% (versus 0.79% in 2020). In value terms, Societe Generale's shares were the 16th most actively traded on the CAC 40 index.



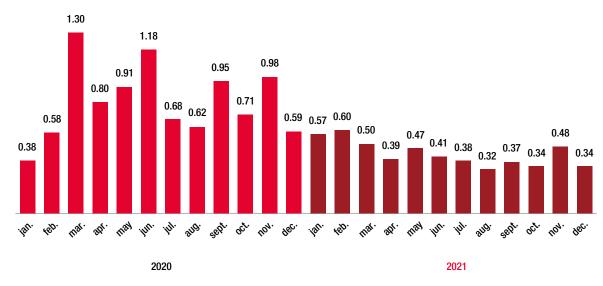
SHARE PERFORMANCE (BASE: SOCIETE GENERALE SHARE PRICE AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019)

Source: Thomson Reuters Eikon



MONTHLY CHANGE IN SHARE PRICE (AVERAGE MONTHLY PRICE IN EURO)

Source: Thomson Reuters Eikon



TRADING VOLUMES (AVERAGE DAILY TRADING VOLUMES AS PERCENTAGE OF CAPITAL)

Source: Thomson Reuters Eikon.

7.1.2 TOTAL RETURN FOR SHAREHOLDERS

The following table shows the cumulative and annualised average total return on investment for Societe Generale shareholders over different time periods ending 31 December 2021.

Duration of shareholding	Date	Cumulative total return*	Annualised average total return*
Since privatisation	8 July 1987	666.5%	6.1%
15 years	31 December 2006	-58.1%	-5.6%
10 years	31 December 2011	145.0%	9.4%
5 years	31 December 2016	-19.9%	-4.3%
4 years	31 December 2017	-16.9%	-4.5%
3 years	31 December 2018	21.5%	6.7%
2 years	31 December 2019	-0.5%	-0.3%
1 year	31 December 2020	81.2%	81.2%

* Total return = capital gain + net dividend reinvested in shares. Source: Thomson Reuters Eikon

7.1.3 STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

The Societe Generale share is listed on the Paris Stock Exchange (deferred settlement market, continuous trading group A, ISIN code FR0000130809) and is also traded in the United States under an American Depository Receipt (ADR) programme.

7.1.4 STOCK MARKET INDICES

The Societe Generale share is a component stock of the CAC 40, STOXX All Europe 100, EURO, Euronext 100, MSCI PAN EURO, FTSE4Good Global and ASPI Eurozone indices.

7.1.5 2021 SHAREHOLDER DISTRIBUTION

The Board of Directors of Societe Generale approved its dividend distribution policy of 50% of underlying Group Net income, equivalent to EUR 2.75 per share.

Accordingly, a cash dividend of EUR 1.65 per share wll be proposed to the Joint General Meeting to be held on 17 May 2022. The dividend detachment will take place on 25 May 2022, and payment will occur from 27 May 2022.

The Group is planning to launch a share buyback programme totalling approximately EUR 915 million, i.e. the equivalent of EUR 1.1 per share. The implementation of the buyback programme is conditional on receiving the usual approvals from the ECB and the General Meeting.

7.1.6 HISTORY OF SHAREHOLDER DISTRIBUTION

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Net dividends (in EUR/share)	1.65 ⁽⁴⁾	0.55(3)	-	2.20	2.20
Share buyback (EUR/share equivalent)	1.10 ⁽⁴⁾	0.55(3)	-	-	-
Payout ratio (%) ⁽¹⁾	50	-	-	51.8	75.3
Net yield (%) ⁽²⁾	9.1	-	-	7.9	5.1

(1) Distribution/ underlying diluted earnings per share since 2020 within the framework of the Group shareholder distribution.

(2) Distribution/closing price at end-December.

(3) 2020 shareholder distribution of EUR 1.10 per share, including a dividend in cash of EUR 0.55 per share and a share buyback programme equivalent to EUR 0.55 per share. The dividend per ordinary share and the pay-out rate were fixed on the basis of the 2019 and 2020 results restated for items not affecting the CET1 ratio, pursuant to the European Central Bank's recommendations. On this basis, the pay-out ratio is 14.2%.

(4) Proposed 2021 shareholder distribution of 2.75 euros per share including a dividend in cash of EUR 1.65 per share (subject to the vote of the Joint General Meeting on 17 May 2022) and a share buyback programme, for around EUR 915 million, equivalent to EUR 1.10 per share (conditional on receiving the usual approvals from the ECB and the General Meeting).

Stock market data	31.12.2021	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	31.12.2017
Share capital (number of outstanding shares)	853,371,494	853,371,494	853,371,494	807,917,739	807,917,739
Market capitalisation (In EURbn)	25.8	14.5	26.4	22.5	34.8
Earnings per share (In EUR)	5.97	-1.01	3.05	4.24	2.92
Book value per share at year-end (In EUR)	68.72	62.36	63.70	64.63	63.2
Share price (In EUR)					
high	30.3	31.9	31.4	47.2	51.9
low	15.4	10.9	21.1	27.2	41.4
closing	30.2	17.0	31.0	27.8	43.1

7.2 INFORMATION ON SHARE CAPITAL

7.2.1 SHARE CAPITAL

At 1 February 2022, Societe Generale paid-up share capital amounted to EUR 1,046,405,540 and comprised 837,124,432 shares with a nominal value of EUR 1.25 per share.

As part of the Group's capital market activities, transactions may be carried out involving indices or underlying assets with a Societe Generale share component. These transactions do not have an impact on the Group's future capital.

7.2.2 SHARE BUYBACKS AND TREASURY SHARES

At 31 December 2021, Societe Generale held 22,242,568 shares under its share buyback programme, representing 2.61% of its capital, of which 16,247,062 shares were cancelled on 1 February 2022.

7.2.3 BREAKDOWN OF CAPITAL AND VOTING RIGHTS OVER 3 YEARS

	31.12.2021 ⁽¹⁾				31.12.2020 ⁽²⁾		31.12.2019 ⁽³⁾			
	Number of shares	% of capital	% of voting rights ⁽⁴⁾	% of voting rights exercisable at GM ⁽⁴⁾	Number of shares	% of capital	% of voting rights ⁽⁴⁾	Number of shares	% of capital	% of voting rights ⁽⁴⁾
Employee shareholding - savings plans	56,760,755	6.65%	11.90%	12.19%	58,613,941	6.87%	11.18%	55,675,710	6.52%	10.82%
BlackRock, Inc.	60,585,876	7.10%	6.51%	6.67%	70,013,241	8.20%	7.62%	55,827,300	6.54%	6.05%
The Capital Group Companies, Inc.	65,313,266	7.65%	7.02%	7.20%	61,449,710	7.20%	6.69%	17,417,900	2.04%	1.89%
Amundi ⁽⁵⁾	43,050,669	5.04%	4.63%	4.74%	43,075,072	5.05%	4.69%	38,767,426	4.54%	4.20%
Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations	18,650,371	2.19%	2.62%	2.68%	20,599,627	2.41%	2.86%	20,599,627	2.41%	2.85%
BNPP AM	16,556,646	1.94%	1.78%	1.83%	17,348,497	2.03%	1.89%	22,221,722	2.60%	1.97%
Dodge & Cox	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	3,481,360	0.41%	0.38%	41,217,200	4.83%	4.47%
Free float	570,211,343	66.82%	63.14%	64.69%	574,244,546	67.29%	64.20%	597,937,729	70.07%	67.35%
Share buybacks ⁽⁶⁾	22,242,568	2.61%	2.39%	0.00%	4,545,500	0.53%	0.49%	3,706,880	0.43%	0.40%
TOTAL	853,371,494	100%	100%	100%	853,371,494	100%	100%	853,371,494	100%	100%
Calculation base		853,371,494	929,955,234	907,712,666		853,371,494	918,877,571		853,371,494	922,891,360

(1) At 31 December 2021, the share of European shareholders in the capital is estimated at 45 %.

(2) At 31 December 2020, the share of European shareholders in the capital is estimated at 47 %.

(3) At 31 December 2019, the share of European shareholders in the capital is estimated at 48 %.

(4) In accordance with article 223-11 of the AMF's General Regulations, the calculation of the total voting rights includes voting rights associated with share buybacks and treasury shares,

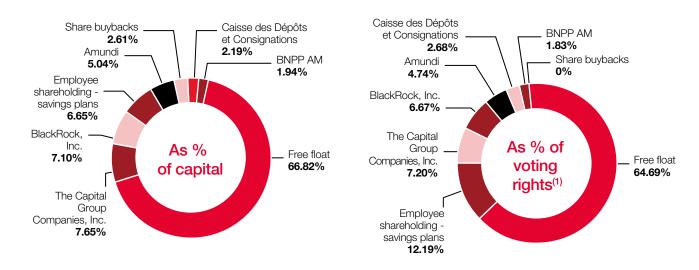
these shares do not give the right to vote at annual General Meetings.

(5) At 4 March 2022, Amundi disclosed that it held 4.98% of the capital, i.e. 4.56% of the voting rights.

(6) Including a buy-back of 16,247,062 shares for the purpose of shares cancellation.

The table above lists the shareholders which have made a legal threshold crossing declaration and those who have recently made a statutory threshold crossing declaration (since 19 May 2020).

INFORMATION ON SHARE CAPITAL



(1) From 2006 and in accordance with Article 223–11 of the AMF's General Regulation, the calculation of the total voting rights includes voting rights associated with share buybacks and treasury shares; however, these shares do not give the right to vote at General Meetings.

7.2.4 SHARE BUYBACKS

The General Meeting of 18 May 2021 authorised the Company to buy or sell its own shares with a view to (i) cancelling bought-back shares, (ii) granting, covering and honouring any free shares allocation plan, employee savings plan and any form of allocation for the benefit of employees and company officers of the Company or affiliated companies, (iii) granting shares when rights attached to convertible securities are exercised, (iv) holding and subsequently using shares in exchange or as payment for acquisitions, and executing a liquidity contract.

Share buyback programme, excluding liquidity contract

During 2021, Societe Generale bought:

 16,247,062 shares (for a total of EUR 467.7 million) for the purpose of cancelling shares as part of the Group's dividend distribution policy. The share buyback took place from 4 November to 17 December 2021 included, for an average price of 28.79 euros. Transaction fees amounted to EUR 1.4 million; 3,020,815 of its own shares (for a total of EUR 89.3 million) in order to cover and honour the free share allocation plan benefiting employees and company officers. The share buyback took place from 20 December to 31 December 2021 for an average price of EUR 29.55. Transaction fees amounted to EUR 0.3 million.

The detailed and aggregated transactions are available on the Group website, in the Chapter 6 "Regulated information".

Liquidity contract

Under the terms of the liquidity contract concluded between Societe Generale and Rothschild Martin Maurel on 22 August 2011, no transaction was executed on purchases or sales from 1 January to 31 December 2021. For the record, the liquidity contract was temporarily suspended from 4 November to 31 December 2021 throughout the share buyback period.

At 31 December 2021, 33,500 shares were recorded in the liquidity contract account.

	Purchases				i ransfers/Disposals			
	Number		Purchase price	Number		Purchase price		Disposal/ transfer price
Cancellation	16,247,062	28.79	467,717,243					
Acquisitions	0	-	0.00					
Allocation to employees and company officers	3,020,815	29.55	89,278,400	1,570,809	35.39	55,598,257	0	0
Liquidity contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	19,267,877	28.91	556,995,643	1,570,809	35.39	55,598,257	0	0

B......

From 1 January 2021 to 31 December.

VALUE OF TREASURY SHARES AND BUYBACKS AT 31 DECEMBER

Percentage of capital held directly or indirectly	2.61%
Number of shares canceled over the last 24 months	0
Number of shares held directly	22,242,568
Book value of shares held directly	EUR 629,071,005
Market value of shares held directly ⁽¹⁾	EUR 671,836,766
	,,

(1) The current value is equal to the average share price of the last month for available-for-sale listed securities.

At 31.12.2021	Number of shares	Nominal value (in EUR)	Book value (in EUR)
Societe Generale*	22,242,568	27,803,210	629,071,005
TOTAL	22,242,568	27,803,210	629,071,005

* O/w 33,500 shares held under the liquidity contract at 31 December and of o/w 16,247,062 were cancelled at 1 February 2022.

7.2.5 INFORMATION ON SHARE CAPITAL

Operation	Date of record or completion	Change	Number of shares	Share capital (In EUR)	Change in share capital resulting from operation (%)
Exercise of stock options from 1 January 2015 to 31 December 2015	recorded on 8 January 2016	+139,651	806,239,713	1,007,799,641.25	+0.01
Free grant of shares to employees	recorded on 31 March 2016	+1,264,296	807,504,009	1,009,380,011.25	+0.15
Exercise of stock options from 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2016	recorded on 9 January 2017	+209,525	807,713,534	1,009,641,917.50	+0.02
Exercise of stock options from 1 January 2017 to 8 March 2017	recorded on 11 December 2017	+204,205	807,917,739	1,009,897,173.75	+0.02
Increase through the exercise of the option for the payment of dividends in shares	recorded on 12 June 2019	+39,814,909	847,732,648	1,059,665,810.00	+4.93
Increase through 2019 Company Savings Plan	recorded on 1 August 2019	+5,638,846	853,371,494	1,066,714,367.50	+0.67
Cancellation of treasury shares	recorded on 1 February 2022	(16,247,062)	837,124,432	1,046,405,540	-1.90

7.2.6 SUMMARY STATEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE L. 621-18-2 OF THE MONETARY AND FINANCIAL CODE

Summary statement published in compliance with Article 223–26 of the AMF General Regulation. For each person whose first and last names are given below, the transactions described include, where applicable, those reported by persons closely associated with that person.

	Type of transaction	Date	Amount (In EUR)
Philippe AYMERICH			
Deputy Chief Executive Officer	Acquisition of 6,246 Societe Generale shares	31.03.21	-
	Acquisition of 3,000 Societe Generale shares	11.02.21	53,916
Diony LEBOT	Acquisition of 7,561 Societe Generale shares	31.03.21	-
Deputy Chief Executive Officer	Acquisition of 3,000 Societe Generale shares	07.05.21	74,760
Frédéric OUDÉA			
Chief Executive Officer	Acquisition of 13,900 Societe Generale shares	31.03.21	-

7.2.7 EXISTING AGREEMENTS BETWEEN SOCIETE GENERALE AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS

On 24 July 2000, Societe Generale entered into an agreement with Santander Central Hispano (which became "Banco Santander") relating to the management of their cross-holdings. According to this agreement, Societe Generale and Santander Central Hispano each grant the other party a pre-emptive right to the shares held, directly or through a subsidiary, by each of the parties in the share capital of the other, although this right does not apply in the event of a public tender offer initiated by a third party for the shares of either party. The agreement was concluded for an initial period of three years from the date of its signature and is subsequently renewable for two-year periods.

This pre-emptive clause was published by the French Financial Markets Council (*Conseil des Marchés Financiers*) in Decision No. 201C1417 dated 30 November 2001. This agreement was still in force on 31 December 2021. However, at this date, Banco Santander no longer held any shares in Societe Generale and Societe Generale no longer held any shares in Banco Santander.

7.3 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

7.3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Name

Societe Generale

Registered office

29 boulevard Haussmann, 75009 Paris (France)

Administrative office

17 cours Valmy, 92972 Paris-La Défense (France)

Postal address: Societe Generale, Tours Societe Generale, 75886 Paris cedex 18 (France)

Telephone number: +33 (0)1 42 14 20 00

Website: *www.societegenerale.com*. The information on the website does not form part of the universal registration document.

Legal form

Societe Generale is a public limited company (*société anonyme*) established under French law and having the status of a credit institution.

Governing law

Societe Generale is a public limited company (*société anonyme*) governed by French commercial legislation, in particular by Articles L. 210-1 *et seq.* of the French Commercial Code, as well as by its By-laws.

Société Générale is a credit institution under French law authorised and supervised by the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution ("ACPR"), under the direct prudential supervision of the European Central Bank ("ECB"). As a company whose securities are admitted to trading on a regulated market and an investment services provider, Société Générale is also subject to supervision by the Autorité des Marchés Financiers ("AMF").

Societe Generale is authorised to carry out all banking transactions and provide all investment services with the exception of the investment service of operating a multilateral trading facility (MTF) or an organised trading system (OTF). It is subject to the laws and regulations specific to the financial sector, in particular the provisions of the applicable European regulations, the articles of the Monetary and Financial Code and, where applicable, to local law provisions, in particular for its branches. It is also subject to compliance with a certain number of prudential rules and, as such, to the controls of the ECB, as well as of the ACPR in respect of the latter's sphere of competence.

Date of incorporation and duration

Societe Generale was incorporated following a deed approved by decree dated 4 May 1864. The duration of Societe Generale previously set at fifty years from 1 January 1899, was subsequently extended for ninety-nine years from 1 January 1949.

It will expire on 31 December 2047, unless extended or dissolved early.

Corporate purpose

Article 3 of the Company's By-laws describes the corporate purpose. The purpose of Societe Generale is, under the conditions determined by the laws and regulations applicable to credit institutions, to carry out with individuals or legal entities, in France and abroad:

- all banking transactions;
- all transactions related to banking operations, including in particular investment services or related services referred to in Articles L. 321-1 and L. 321-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code;
- all acquisitions of interests in other companies.

Societe Generale may also, on a regular basis, as defined in the conditions set by the regulations in effect, engage in all transactions other than those mentioned above, in particular insurance brokerage.

Generally, Societe Generale may carry out, on its own behalf, on behalf of a third party or jointly, all financial, commercial, industrial or agricultural, security or property transactions, directly or indirectly related to the abovementioned activities or likely to facilitate their accomplishment.

Identification

552 120 222 RCS PARIS

ISIN code (International Securities Identification Number): FR 0000130809

NAF (trade sector) code: 6419Z

LEI (Legal Entity Identifier): O2RNE8IBXP4R0TD8PU41

Corporate documents

Documents relating to the Company and in particular its By-laws, its accounts, the reports submitted to its General Meetings by the Board of Directors or the Statutory Auditors, are available at Tours Société Générale, 17 cours Valmy, 92972 Paris-La Défense (France).

The By-laws of Societe Generale are posted on the website under the Board of Directors tab.

Financial year

From 1 January to 31 December of each year.

Categories of shares and attached rights

Under Article 4 of the Company's By-laws, the share capital is divided into 837,124,432 fully paid-up shares with a nominal value of EUR 1.25.

Double voting rights

In accordance with Article 14 of the Company's By-laws, double voting rights are allocated, in relation to the amount of share capital represented by the shares in question, to all shares which are fully paid-up and which have been registered in the name of the same shareholder for at least two years from 1 January 1993, as well as to any new registered shares that may be freely allocated to a shareholder, in the event of a capital increase by incorporation of reserves, profits or premiums, on the basis of shares benefiting from this right.

According to the law, double voting rights cease for shares which have been converted into bearer form or if ownership of the shares is transferred. Nevertheless, transfer through inheritance, liquidation of marital assets, donation *inter vivos* to a spouse or a direct relative entitled to inherit, does not result in the loss of rights and does not affect the minimum two-year vesting period. The same applies, unless otherwise stated in the Company's By-laws, in case of transfer following a merger or a spin-off of a shareholder company. The amendment to the regulations of Fund E as at 1 January 2021 has no effect on the calculation of the double voting rights of the shares in Fund E's assets.

Restriction on voting rights

In accordance with Article 14 of the Company's By-laws, the number of votes at General Meetings to be used by one shareholder, either personally or through a proxy, may not exceed 15% of the total voting rights existing at the date of the Meeting. This 15% limit does not apply to the Chairman or any other proxy with respect to the total number of voting rights they hold on a personal basis and in their capacity as proxy, provided that each proxy complies with the 15% rule. For the purposes of applying this 15% limit, shares held by a single shareholder include shares held indirectly or jointly in accordance with the conditions described in Articles L. 233-7 *et seq.* of the French Commercial Code. This limit ceases to apply when a shareholder comes to hold, following a public tender offer, either directly or indirectly or jointly with another shareholder, more than 50.01% of the Company's voting rights.

Disclosure of statutory threshold crossings

In accordance with the provisions of Article 6.2 of the Company's By-laws, any person, acting on his own or in concert, who comes to hold directly or indirectly, in any manner whatsoever, a number of shares representing at least 1.5% or 3% of the share capital or voting rights of the Company, must inform the latter, in writing, within four trading days of the crossing of this threshold, and must also indicate in his declaration the number of securities giving access to the share capital of the Company it holds. Mutual fund management companies must provide this information based on the total number of shares held in the Company by the funds they manage.

Beyond the threshold of 3%, any additional crossing of 1% of the capital or voting rights of the Company must be notified to the Company as provided by Article 6.2 of the Company's By-laws.

Any person, acting on his own or in concert, is also required to inform the Company within four trading days if the percentage of his capital or voting rights falls below each of the thresholds described in the article 6.2 of by-laws.

For the purposes of the obligations to disclose the crossings of statutory thresholds provided by Article 6.2 of the Company's By-laws, the shares or voting rights listed in Article L. 233-9, I of the French Commercial Code are assimilated to the shares or voting rights held.

Failure to comply with these requirements will be penalised in accordance with applicable laws, at the request of one or more shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's capital or voting rights. Said request will be duly recorded in the minutes of the General Meeting.

Convening and rules for attending General Meetings of Shareholders

Under Article 14 of the Company's By-laws, General Meetings are convened and deliberate in accordance with the conditions set forth by the laws and regulations in force. They meet at the registered office or in any other place in mainland France indicated in the convening notice. Such meetings are chaired by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or, failing this, by a Director appointed for this purpose by the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Regardless of the number of shares held, any shareholder whose shares are registered under the terms and at a date set by decree, has the right, upon proof of their identity and status as a shareholder, to participate in the General Meetings. A shareholder may, in accordance with the laws and regulations in force, personally attend the General Meetings, vote remotely or appoint a proxy. The intermediary registered on behalf of shareholders may participate in the General Meetings, under the conditions set forth by the provisions of the laws and regulations in force.

In order for the ballots to be counted, they must be received by the Company at least two days before the General Meeting is held, unless a shorter period is specified in the convening notice or required by the regulations in force.

Shareholders may participate in General Meetings by videoconference or any other means of telecommunication, when provided for in the convening notice and subject to the conditions defined therein.

The General Meeting may be publicly broadcast by means of electronic communication subject to the approval of and under the terms set by the Board of Directors. Notice will be given in the notice of meeting and/or the convening notice.

In all General Meetings, the voting right attached to shares with a right of usufruct is exercised by the usufructuary.

Identifiable bearer securities

Societe Generale may at any time, in accordance with the provisions of the laws and regulations in force, ask the organisation responsible for securities clearing to provide information relating to the securities granting the right to vote in its General Meetings, either immediately or in the future, as well as information about the holders of these securities.

Employee shareholding

Following the amendments to the by-laws voted by the extraordinary General Meeting on 19 May 2020 and since the General Meeting of 18 May 2021, employee shareholders are represented on the Board of Directors by a Director, in addition to the two Directors representing all employees. The level of employee shareholding, calculated for the specific need of this new director appointment represents, in accordance with the calculation methods provided in Article L. 225-102 of the French Commercial Code and with the new stipulations of Article 6.5 of the by-laws, 7.89% of the share capital on 31 December 2021.

Following the amendments of the rules of the FCPE "Société Générale actionnariat (FONDS E)" decided on 16 April 2020, which came into force on 1 January 2021, in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article L. 214-165 II of the French Monetary and Financial Code, the voting rights relating to Société Générale shares included in the assets of this fund, corresponding to 10.45% of the voting rights on 31 December 2021, will be exclusively exercised individually by the unit holders and, for the fractional units forming fractional rights, by the Supervisory Board of this fund.

7.4 BY-LAWS

NAME - TYPE OF COMPANY -DURATION - REGISTERED OFFICE -PURPOSE

Article 1

The Company, named Societe Generale, is a public limited company incorporated by deed approved by the Decree of 4 May 1864, and is approved as a bank.

The duration of Societe Generale, previously fixed at 50 years with effect from 1 January 1899, was then extended by 99 years with effect from 1 January 1949.

Under the legislative and regulatory provisions relating to credit institutions, notably the articles of the French Monetary and Financial Code that apply to them, the Company is subject to commercial laws, in particular articles L. 210-1 *et seq.* of the French Commercial Code, as well as these By-laws.

Article 2

Societe Generale's registered office is at 29, boulevard Haussmann, Paris (9th arrondissement).

In accordance with current legislative and regulatory provisions, it may be transferred to any other location.

Article 3

The purpose of Societe Generale is, under the conditions determined by the laws and regulations applicable to credit institutions, to carry out with individuals and corporate entities, in France or abroad:

- all banking transactions;
- all transactions related to banking operations, including in particular investment services or allied services as listed by articles L. 321-1 and L. 321-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code;
- all acquisitions of interests in other entities.

Societe Generale may also, on a regular basis, as defined in the conditions set by the regulations in force, engage in all transactions other than those mentioned above, including in particular insurance brokerage.

Generally, Societe Generale may carry out, on its own behalf, on behalf of a third party or jointly, all financial, commercial, industrial, agricultural, movable assets or real property transactions, directly or indirectly related to the above-mentioned activities or likely to facilitate the accomplishment of such activities.

CAPITAL - SHARES

Article 4

4.1 SHARE CAPITAL

The share capital amounts to EUR 1,046,405,540. It is divided into 837,124,432 fully paid-up shares, each with a nominal value of EUR 1.25.

4.2 CAPITAL INCREASE AND REDUCTION

The capital may be increased or reduced on the decision of the competent General Meeting or Meetings.

Any capital reduction motivated by losses shall be divided between shareholders in proportion to their share of the capital.

Article 5

Unless otherwise provided by legislative, regulatory or statutory provisions, all shares have the same rights.

All shares which make up or which will make up the share capital will be given equal rank as regards taxes. Consequently, all taxes which, for whatever reason, may become payable on certain shares following capital reimbursement, either during the life of the Company or during its liquidation, shall be divided between all the shares making up the capital on such reimbursement(s) so that, while allowing for the nominal and non-amortized value of the shares and for their respective rights, all present or future shares shall entitle their owners to the same effective advantages and to the right to receive the same net sum.

Whenever it is necessary to possess a certain number of shares in order to exercise a right, it is incumbent on shareholders who own fewer shares than the total number required to assemble the necessary number of shares.

Article 6

6.1 FORM AND TRANSFER OF SHARES

The shares may, in accordance with the holder's wishes, be registered or bearer shares and shall be freely negotiable, unless otherwise stipulated by legislative and regulatory provisions.

6.2 STATUTORY THRESHOLDS

Any person, acting on his own or in concert, who comes to hold directly or indirectly, in any manner whatsoever, a number of shares representing at least 1.5% or 3% of the share capital or voting rights of the Company, must inform the Company, in writing, within four trading days of the crossing of this threshold, and must also indicate in his declaration the number of securities giving access to the share capital of the Company it holds. Mutual fund management companies must provide this information based on the total number of shares held in the Company by the funds they manage.

Beyond the threshold of 3%, any additional crossing of 1% of the capital or voting rights of the Company must be notified to the Company under the aforementioned conditions.

Any person, acting on his own or in concert, is also required to inform the Company within four trading days if the percentage of his capital or voting rights falls below each of the thresholds described in this article.

For the purposes of the three preceding subparagraphs, the shares or voting rights listed in Article L. 233-9, I of the French Commercial Code are assimilated to the shares or voting rights held.

Failure to comply with these requirements will be penalized in accordance with applicable laws, at the request of one or more shareholders holding at least a 5% in the Company's capital or voting rights. Said request will be duly recorded in the minutes of the General Meeting.

6.3 SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The rights of shareholders shall comply with applicable legislative and regulatory provisions, subject to the specific provisions of the current by-laws.

6.4 EMPLOYEE SHAREHOLDING

Registered shares held directly by employees and governed by Article L. 225-197-1 of the French Commercial Code are taken into account in determining the proportion of capital held by employees in accordance with the legislative and regulatory provisions in force.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Article 7

I - DIRECTORS

The Company is managed by a Board of Directors made up of three categories of Directors:

1. Directors appointed by the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

There are at least nine of these Directors, and thirteen at the most.

The term of office of Directors appointed by the Ordinary General Meeting is four years.

When, in application of current legislative and regulatory provisions, a Director is appointed to replace another, then his term of office shall not exceed the term of office remaining to be served by his predecessor.

Each Director must hold at least six hundred shares.

2. Directors representing the employees elected by employees

The status and methods of electing these Directors are laid down by Articles L. 225-27 to L. 225-34 of the French Commercial Code, as well as by these By-laws.

There are two Directors, one to represent the executives and one to represent all other Company employees.

In any event, their number may not exceed one third of the Directors appointed by the General Meeting.

Their term of office is three years.

3. A Director representing employee shareholders appointed by The Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

The General Meeting appoints a Director representing employee shareholders.

The term of office is four years.

Regardless of the appointment procedure, the duties of a Director cease at the end of the Ordinary General Meeting called to approve the financial statements of the previous fiscal year and held during the year in which his term of office expires.

Directors may be reelected, as long as they meet the legislative and regulatory provisions in force, particularly with regard to age.

This provision shall apply from the General Meeting convened to approve the accounts for the 2020 financial year.

II - METHODS OF ELECTING

1. Directors representing employees elected by employees

For each seat to be filled, the voting procedure is that set forth by the legislative and regulatory provisions in force.

The first Directors elected by employees will begin their term of office during the Board of Directors' meeting held after publication of the full results of the first elections.

Subsequent Directors shall take up office upon expiry of the outgoing Directors' terms of office.

If, under any circumstances and for any reason whatsoever, there shall remain in office less than the statutory number of elected Directors before the normal end of the term of office of such Directors, vacant seats shall remain vacant until the end of the term of office and the Board shall continue to meet and take decisions validly until that date.

Elections shall be organised every three years so that a second vote may take place at the latest fifteen days before the normal end of the term of office of outgoing Directors.

For both the first and second ballot, the following deadlines should be adhered to:

- posting of the date of the election at least eight weeks before the polling date;
- posting of the lists of the electors at least six weeks before the polling date;
- registration of candidates at least five weeks before the polling date;
- posting of lists of candidates at least four weeks before the polling date;
- sending of documents required for postal voting at least three weeks before the polling date.

The candidatures or lists of candidates other than those entered by a representative trade union should be accompanied by a document including the names and signatures of the one hundred employees presenting the candidates.

Polling takes place the same day, at the work place, and during working hours. Nevertheless, the following may vote by post:

- employees not present on the day of polling;
- employees working abroad;
- employees of a department or office, or seconded to a subsidiary in France, not having a polling station, or who cannot vote in another office.

Each polling station consists of three elective members, the Chairman being the oldest one among them. The Chairman is responsible for seeing that voting operations proceed correctly.

Votes are counted in each polling station, and immediately after the closing of the polls; the minutes are drawn up as soon as the counting has been completed.

Results are immediately sent to the Head Office of Societe Generale, where a centralized results station will be set up with a view to drafting the summary report and announcing the results.

Methods of polling not specified by Articles L. 225-27 to L. 225-34 of the French Commercial Code or these By-laws are decreed by the General Management after consulting with the representative trade unions.

These methods may include electronic voting, whose organization may deviate from the practical organization and conduct of the election described herein.

2. Director representing employee shareholders appointed by the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

When the legal conditions are met, a member of the Board of Directors representing employee shareholders is appointed by the Ordinary General Meeting in accordance with the terms and conditions set by the regulations in force and by these By-laws.

The term of office is identical to the terms of the other Directors appointed by the Ordinary General Meeting. The term of office is exercised by the candidate appointed, or by his replacement in the event of definitive termination, during the term of office, of the duties as Director of the candidate with whom he was appointed. The term of office ends automatically in the event of loss of the capacity of employee of the Company or of an affiliated company within the meaning of the regulations in force.

Candidates for appointment as Director representing employee shareholders are nominated by a single election of all employee shareholders, including holders of units of mutual funds invested in Societe Generale securities. The scope of voters and eligible candidates is defined by the regulations in force and these By-laws.

Employee shareholders may be consulted by any technical means that ensures the reliability of the vote, including electronic voting or postal ballot. Each elector has a number of votes equal to the number of shares he holds directly or indirectly through a mutual fund.

Every candidate must stand for election with a replacement who meets the same legal conditions of eligibility as the candidate. The replacement is called upon to replace the candidate for the remainder of the term of office. The candidate and his replacement shall be of different sexes.

Only candidacies presented by voters (i) representing at least 0.1% of the shares held directly or indirectly by employee shareholders and (ii) benefitting from 100 sponsorships of employees who vote, are admissible.

Minutes of the consultation are drawn up: they include the number of votes received by each of the candidates as well as a list of validly nominated candidates and replacements.

Only the two candidacies having obtained the highest number of votes cast during the consultation of employee shareholders shall be submitted to the vote of the Ordinary General Meeting.

The procedures relating to the organization and conduct of the consultation of employee shareholders and the appointment of candidates not defined by the regulations in force and these Articles of Association shall be determined by the Board of Directors, on the proposal of the General Management.

The Board of Directors presents the designated candidates and their replacements to the Ordinary General Meeting by means of separate resolutions, and approves, if necessary, one of the resolutions.

The Director representing employee shareholders and his replacement are appointed by the Ordinary General Meeting from among the validly nominated candidates and replacements. Under the quorum and majority conditions applicable to any appointment of a Director, the person who has received the highest number of votes cast by the shareholders present or represented at the Ordinary General Meeting shall be elected as Director.

The Director representing employee shareholders shall hold on a continuous basis, either directly or through a mutual fund, at least one share or a number of shares of such fund equivalent to at least one share. Failing this, he shall be deemed to have resigned automatically unless he has rectified his situation within three months.

In the event of the definitive termination of the mandate of the Director representing employee shareholders, his replacement, if he still meets the eligibility conditions, shall take up office immediately for the remainder of the term of office. If he is no longer a shareholder, he must rectify his situation within three months of taking office; failing this, he is deemed to have resigned at the end of this period.

In the event of a vacancy, for any reason whatsoever, in the office of the Director representing employee shareholders, the appointment of candidates to replace the Director representing employee shareholders shall be made under the conditions provided for in this article, at the latest before the meeting of the next Ordinary General Meeting or, if such meeting is held less than four months after the vacancy occurs, before the next Ordinary General Meeting. The Director representing employee shareholders so appointed to the vacant position shall be appointed for the duration of one term of office.

Until the date of replacement of the Director representing the employee shareholders, the Board of Directors may validly meet and deliberate.

In the event that, during the term of office, the conditions provided for by the regulations in force for the appointment of a Director representing employee shareholders are no longer met, the term of office of the Director representing employee shareholders shall end at the end of the Ordinary General Meeting at which the Board of Directors' report acknowledging this fact is presented.

III - NON-VOTING DIRECTORS

On the proposal of the Chairman, the Board of Directors may appoint one or two Non-Voting Directors.

Non-Voting Directors are convened and attend Board of Directors' meetings in a consultative capacity.

They are appointed for a period not exceeding four years and the Board can renew their terms of office or terminate them at any time.

They may be selected from among shareholders or non-shareholders, and receive an annual remuneration determined by the Board of Directors.

Article 8

The Board of Directors determines the Company's strategy and supervises its implementation, in accordance with its corporate interest, taking into consideration the social and environmental stakes of its activity. Subject to the powers expressly attributed to the General Meeting and within the scope provided for in the corporate purpose, it considers all matters that affect the Company's operations and settles by its decisions matters that concern it.

It carries out all the controls and verifications it deems appropriate. The Chairman or Chief Executive Officer is required to furnish each Director with all documents and information required to carry out their function.

Article 9

The Board of Directors elects a Chairman from among its natural person members, determines his remuneration and sets the duration of his term of office, which may not exceed that of his term of office as Director.

No member of 70 years of age or more shall be appointed Chairman. If the Chairman in office reaches the age of 70, his duties shall cease after the next Ordinary General Meeting called to approve the financial statements of the preceding fiscal year.

The Chairman organises and manages the work of the Board of Directors and reports on its activities to the General Meeting. He ensures that the Company's bodies operate correctly and in particular ensures that the Directors are able to fulfill their functions.

Article 10

The Board of Directors meets as often as is required by the interests of the Company, upon convocation by the Chairman, either at the registered office or in any other place indicated in the Notice of Meeting. The Board examines the items placed on the agenda.

It shall meet when at least one-third of Board members or the Chief Executive Officer submits a request for a meeting with a specific agenda to the Chairman.

If the Chairman is unable to attend, the Board of Directors can be convened either by one-third of its members, or by the Chief Executive Officer or a Deputy Chief Executive Officer, provided they are members of the Board.

Unless specifically provided for, Directors are called to meetings by letter or by any other means. In any event, the Board may always deliberate validly if all its members are present or represented.

Under the conditions provided for by the legislative and regulatory provisions in force, decisions falling within the powers of the Board of Directors as well as decisions to transfer the registered office within the same department may be taken by written consultation with the Directors.

Article 11

Board meetings are chaired by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or, in his absence, by a Director designated for this purpose at the beginning of the meeting.

Every Director may give his proxy to another Director, but a Director may act as proxy for only one other Director and a proxy can only be given for one specific meeting of the Board.

In all cases, deliberations of the Board are valid only if at least half the members are present.

The Chief Executive Officer attends meetings of the Board.

One or several delegates of the Central Social and Economic Committee attend Board meetings, under the conditions laid down by the legislative and regulatory provisions in force.

At the request of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, members of the Management, the Statutory Auditors or other persons outside the Company with specific expertise relating to the items on the agenda may attend all or part of a Board meeting.

Resolutions are adopted by a majority vote of the Directors present or represented. In the event of a tie, the Chairman holds a casting vote.

A member of the Management appointed by the Chairman serves as Secretary of the Board.

Minutes are prepared and copies or extracts certified and delivered in accordance with the legislative and regulatory provisions in force.

Article 12

Under the conditions provided for by the legislative and regulatory provisions in force, members of the Board may receive, for the term of their offices, a remuneration. the total amount of which shall be determined by the General Meeting and which shall be split among the Directors by the Board according to allocation principles submitted to the General Meeting.

GENERAL MANAGEMENT

Article 13

The General Management of the Company is the responsibility of either the Chairman of the Board of Directors, or any other individual appointed by the Board of Directors to act as Chief Executive Officer.

The Board of Directors may choose between the two general management structures, and its decision is only valid if:

- the agenda with respect to this choice is sent to members at least 15 days before the date of the Board Meeting;
- at least two-thirds of Directors are present or represented.

Shareholders and third parties shall be informed of this decision in accordance with the regulations in force.

When the Chairman of the Board of Directors assumes responsibility for the general management of the Company, the following provisions relating to the Chief Executive Officer shall be applicable to him.

The Chief Executive Officer shall be vested with the most extensive powers to act under any circumstances on behalf of the Company. He shall exercise these powers within the scope of the Company's purpose and subject to those powers expressly assigned by law to meetings of shareholders and the Board of Directors. He shall represent the Company vis-à-vis third parties.

The Board of Directors sets the remuneration under the conditions provided for by the legislative and regulatory provisions in force and the duration of the Chief Executive Officer's term, which may not exceed that of the dissociation of the functions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer nor, where applicable, the term of his directorship. No person aged 70 or more may be appointed Chief Executive Officer. If the Chief Executive Officer in office reaches 70 years of age, his functions shall end at the end of the next Ordinary General Meeting called to approve the financial statements of the preceding fiscal year.

On recommendation by the Chief Executive Officer, the Board of Directors can appoint up to five persons to assist the Chief Executive Officer, who shall have the title Deputy Chief Executive Officer.

In agreement with the Chief Executive Officer, the Board of Directors determines the extent and duration of the powers granted to Deputy Chief Executive Officers. The Board of Directors sets their remuneration under the conditions provided for by the legislative and regulatory provisions in force. With respect to third parties, Deputy Chief Executive Officers have the same powers as the Chief Executive Officer.

SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

Article 14

General Meetings are comprised of all shareholders.

The General Meeting is called and deliberates as provided for by the legal and regulatory provisions in force.

It meets at the Company's Head Office or in any other place in mainland France indicated in the Notice to attend the General Meeting.

Such meetings are chaired by the Chairman of the Board or, in his absence, by a Director appointed for this purpose by the Chairman of the Board.

Regardless of the number of shares held, all shareholders whose shares are registered under the terms and at a date set forth by the legislative and regulatory provisions in force, have the right, upon proof of their identity and status as a shareholder, to participate in the General Meetings. The shareholders may, as provided for by the legal and regulatory provisions in force, personally attend the General Meetings, vote remotely or appoint a proxy.

The intermediary registered on behalf of shareholders may participate in the General Meetings, as provided for by the legal and regulatory provisions in force.

In order for the ballots to be counted, they must be received by the Company at least two days before the General Meeting is held, unless otherwise specified in the Notice of Meeting or required by the regulations in force.

Shareholders may participate in General Meetings by videoconference or any other means of telecommunication, when stipulated in the Notice of Meeting and subject to the conditions provided therein.

The General Meeting may be publicly broadcast by means of electronic communication subject to the approval and under the terms set by the Board of Directors. Notice will be given in the preliminary Notice of Meeting and/or Notice to attend the Meeting.

Double voting rights, in relation to the share of capital stock they represent, are allocated to all those shares which are fully paid up and which have been registered in the name of the same shareholder for at least two years as from 1 January 1993. Double voting rights are also allocated to new registered shares that may be allocated free of charge to a shareholder in respect of the shares with double voting rights already held by him, in the case of a capital increase by incorporation of reserves, earnings, or additional paid-in capital.

The number of votes at General Meetings to be used by one shareholder, either personally or by a proxy, may not exceed 15% of total voting rights at the date of the Meeting.

This 15% limit does not apply to the Chairman or any other proxy with respect to the total number of voting rights they hold on a personal basis and in their capacity as proxy, provided each shareholder for whom they act as proxy complies with the rule stipulated in the previous paragraph.

For the purposes of applying this limit, shares held by a single shareholder include shares held indirectly or jointly in accordance with the conditions described in Articles L. 233-7 *et seq.* of the French Commercial Code.

This limit ceases to apply when a shareholder acquires – either directly or indirectly or jointly with another shareholder – more than 50.01% of the Company's voting rights following a public offering.

In all General Meetings, the voting right attached to shares that include a usufructuary right, is exercised by the usufructuary.

SPECIAL MEETINGS

Article 15

When different categories of shares exist, the Special Meetings of the Shareholders of such categories of shares deliberate as provided by applicable legislative and regulatory provisions and Article 14 herein.

STATUTORY AUDITORS

Article 16

The Statutory Auditors are appointed and carry out their duties according to the applicable legislative and regulatory provisions.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Article 17

The financial year starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

The Board of Directors prepares the financial statements for the year under the conditions set by the applicable legislative and regulatory provisions.

All other documents prescribed by the applicable legislative and regulatory provisions are also drawn up.

Article 18

The results for the year are determined in accordance with the applicable legal and regulatory provisions.

At least 5% of the profits for the year, less any previous losses, must be set aside by the legislative provisions in force to form a reserve fund until said fund reaches 10% of the capital.

The net income available after this deduction, increased by any net income brought forward, constitutes the profits available for distribution, to be successively allocated to ordinary, extraordinary or special reserves or to be carried forward in those amounts which the General Meeting may deem useful, upon the recommendation of the Board of Directors. The balance is then allocated to the shareholders in proportion to their stake in the share capital.

The General Meeting may also resolve to distribute amounts from available reserves.

The General Meeting approving the annual financial statements may, with regard to the whole or part of the dividend or interim dividend, grant each shareholder the option to choose between payment of the dividend or interim dividend in cash or in shares in accordance with the conditions set by the legislative and regulatory provisions in force. A shareholder who exercises this option must do so for all of the dividends or interim dividends attached to their shares.

Except in cases of a reduction in capital, no distribution may be made to shareholders if the Shareholders' equity of the Company is or may subsequently become less than the minimum capital and reserves that may not be distributed by the legislative or statutory provisions.

FORUM SELECTION CLAUSE

Article 19

Any dispute arising during the life of the Company or during its liquidation, between the Company and its shareholders or among the shareholders themselves, related to Company matters, shall be brought before the courts under the proper jurisdiction effective at the Company's registered office.

DISSOLUTION

Article 20

In the event that Societe Generale is wound up and unless otherwise provided for by the legislative and regulatory provisions in force, the General Meeting determines the method of liquidation, appoints the liquidators on the proposal of the Board of Directors and continues to exercise its assigned powers during said liquidation until completion thereof.

The net assets remaining after repayment of the nominal value of the shares are distributed among the shareholders, in proportion to their share of the capital.

7.5 INTERNAL RULES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS⁽¹⁾

(Updated on 18 May 2021)

Preamble

The Board of Directors collectively represents all shareholders and acts in the Company's interest taking into consideration the social and environmental stakes of its activity. Each Director, regardless of the manner in which he/she was appointed, must act in all circumstances in the Company's corporate interest.

Societe Generale applies the AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code for listed companies. As a credit institution, Societe Generale is subject to the provisions of the French Commercial Code, the French Monetary and Financial Code and more generally the regulatory texts applicable to the banking sector.

The purpose of these Internal Rules is to define the Board of Directors' organization and operating procedures and to specify the rights and obligations of its members.

The Board of Directors ensures that Societe Generale has a solid governance system including, in particular, a clear organization ensuring a well-defined, transparent and coherent sharing of responsibilities, effective procedures for the detection, management, monitoring and reporting of risks to which the Company is or could be exposed, an adequate internal control system, sound administrative and accounting procedures and compensation policies and practices enabling and promoting sound and effective risk management.

Article 1: Powers of the Board of Directors

- **1.1** The Board of Directors shall deliberate on any issue falling within its legal or regulatory powers and devote sufficient time to perform its missions.
- **1.2** The Board of Directors is competent, the enumeration is not to be regarded as exhaustive, in the following areas:

a) Strategic directions and operations

The Board of Directors:

- approves the Group's strategic directions, ensures their implementation and reviews them at least once a year; these directions include the values and the Code of Conduct of the Group as well as the main thrusts of the policy followed with respect to social and environmental responsibility, human resources, information systems and organization;
- approves the plans for strategic operations, in particular acquisitions or disposals, which may have a significant impact on the Group's earnings, its balance sheet structure or its risk profile.

This prior approval process concerns:

- organic growth transactions of a unit amount higher than EUR 250 million and not already approved as part of the annual budget or the strategic plan;
- external growth transactions of a unit amount higher than EUR 500 million or higher than EUR 250 million if these transactions do not fall within the development priorities approved in the strategic plan;

- disposal transactions of a unit amount higher than EUR 250 million;
- partnership transactions with a compensation (*soulte*) of an amount higher than EUR 250 million;
- transactions substantially degrading the Group's risk profile.

The Chairman shall assess, on a case-by-case basis, the appropriateness of a referral to the Board of Directors to deliberate on a transaction that does not fall under the aforementioned circumstances.

During each Board of Directors' meeting, an update is made on the transactions concluded since the previous meeting as well as on the main projects in progress and likely to be concluded before the next Board of Directors' meeting.

b) Financial statements and communication

The Board of Directors:

- ensures the accuracy and truthfulness of the annual and consolidated annual accounts and the quality of the information provided to the shareholders and the market;
- approves the Management Report;
- controls the publication and communication process, the quality and reliability of the information to be published and communicated.

c) Risk management

The Board of Directors:

- approves the global strategy and the appetite in terms of risks of any kind and controls the related implementation. To this end, it approves and regularly reviews the strategies and policies governing the taking, management, monitoring and reduction of the risks to which the Company is or could be exposed, including the risks created by the economic environment;
- ensures, in particular, the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management systems, controls the risk exposure from its activities and approves the overall risk limits;
- ensures the effectiveness of the corrective measures taken in the event of a default.

d) Governance

The Board of Directors:

- appoints the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer and, upon the latter's proposal, the Deputy Chief Executive Officer(s); it determines any possible limitations on the powers of the Chief Executive Officer and the Deputy Chief Executive Officer(s);
- reviews the governance system, periodically assesses its effectiveness and ensures that corrective measures to remedy potential shortcomings have been taken;
- ensures, in particular, compliance with the banking regulations with respect to internal control;

⁽¹⁾ This document does not form part of Societe Generale's By-laws.

- determines the orientations and controls the implementation by the Effective Senior Managers⁽¹⁾ of the oversight systems in order to ensure effective and prudent management of the institution, in particular the avoidance of conflicts of interest;
- deliberates on changes to the Group's management structures prior to their implementation and is informed of the main changes to its organization;
- deliberates at least once a year, on its operation and that of its Committees, on the skills, aptitudes and availability of its members (see Articles 2 and 3) as well as on the conclusions of the periodic assessment thereof;
- reviews once a year the succession plan for the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officers (*dirigeants* mandataires sociaux);
- gives, where appropriate, its prior consent to the dismissal of the Chief Risk Officer, after the Risk Committee and the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee have been consulted;
- prepares the Report on corporate governance submitted to the General Meeting of Shareholders.

e) Compensation and wage policy

The Board of Directors:

- distributes the overall amount of the Directors' compensation in accordance with Article 15 of these Internal Rules;
- establishes the compensation policy principles applicable in the Group, in particular regarding the categories of staff whose activities have a significant impact on the Group's risk profile, and ensures that the internal control systems enable to verify that these principles comply with the regulations and professional standards and are consistent with the objectives for risk control;
- sets the compensation of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officers (*dirigeants mandataires sociaux*), in particular their fixed and variable compensation, including benefits in kind, allocations of performance shares or any compensation instruments, as well as post-employment benefits;
- deliberates once a year on the Company's policy regarding professional and wage equality between men and women.

f) Preventive recovery plan

The Board of Directors:

 establishes the preventive recovery plan that is communicated to the European Central Bank and deliberates on any similar plan requested by foreign supervisory authorities.

Article 2: Skills/Aptitudes of the members of the Board of Directors

- 2.1 The members of the Board of Directors shall have at all times the good repute, knowledge, skills and experience necessary for the performance of their duties and, collectively, the knowledge, skills and experience necessary to understand the Company's activities, including the main risks to which it is exposed.
- **2.2** Each Director continually ensures to improve his/her knowledge of the Company and its sector of activity.

Article 3: Availability of the members of the Board of Directors

3.1 The members of the Board of Directors shall devote sufficient time to the performance of their functions.

Under the conditions defined by the legislation in force, they may hold, within any legal entity, only one executive directorship and two non-executive directorships or only four non-executive directorships. For the purpose of this rule, directorships held within the same group are considered to be a single directorship. The European Central Bank may authorize a member of the Board of Directors to hold an additional non-executive directorship.

- **3.2** Any Director holding an executive directorship in the Group must obtain the opinion of the Board of Directors before accepting a mandate in a listed company; the Director must comply with the procedure set out in Article 14 "Conflicts of interest".
- **3.3** The Director shall promptly inform the Chairman of any change in the number of directorships held, including his/her participation in a Committee of a Board, as well as any change in professional responsibility.

He/she undertakes to let the Board of Directors decide whether he/she should continue to serve as a Director in the event of a significant change in his/her professional responsibilities or mandates.

He/she undertakes to resign from his/her directorship when he/she no longer considers himself/herself able to perform his/her duties within the Board of Directors and the Committees of which he/she is a member.

- 3.4 The Directors, under the conditions defined by the By-laws, may participate in meetings of the Board or of the Committees by videoconference or telecommunication means enabling their identification and guaranteeing their effective participation.
- **3.5** The Universal Registration Document reports on the attendance of Directors at meetings of the Board of Directors and the Committees.
- **3.6** The Directors shall attend the General Meetings of Shareholders.

Article 4: Ethics of the members of the Board of Directors

4.1 The Director keeps, in all circumstances, his/her independence of analysis, judgement, decision and action.

He/she undertakes not to seek or accept any benefit likely to compromise his/her independence.

- **4.2** Each Director must comply with the provisions of the rules on market abuse (regulation (EU) n° 596/2014 dated 16 April 2014 and its delegated and implementing regulations supplementing it and defining technical standards; French Monetary and Financial Code; General Regulations, position-recommendation and instruction of the French Financial Markets Authority) in particular the ones relating to the communication and the use of inside information with regard to Societe Generale shares, debt securities and derivatives instruments or other financial instruments related to the Societe Generale share (hereinafter, Financial instruments). He/she must also comply with these same rules for Financial instruments of his/her subsidiaries or listed investments or companies on which he/she may hold inside information received as a result of his/her participation in the Board of Directors of Societe Generale.
- (1) Persons designated as such with the European Central Bank (ECB) and the French Prudential Supervisory and Resolution Authority (ACPR) pursuant to banking regulations. For Societe Generale, these are the Chief Executive Officer and the Deputy Chief Executive Officers.

4.3 Directors shall abstain from intervening on the market of Societe Generale Financial instruments during the 30 calendar days preceding the publication of Societe Generale's quarterly, half-yearly and annual results as well as on the day of the said publication.

They shall refrain from carrying out speculative or leveraged transactions on Societe Generale Financial instruments or those of a listed company controlled directly or indirectly by Societe Generale within the meaning of Article L. 233-3 of the French Commercial Code.

They shall inform the Secretary of the Board of Directors of any difficulty they may encounter in enforcing the above.

4.4 In accordance with the regulations in force, Directors and persons closely associated with them must report to the French Financial Markets Authority (AMF) the transactions carried out on Societe Generale Financial instruments.

A copy of this statement is also sent to the Secretary of the Board of Directors.

4.5 Directors must hold in registered form all Societe Generale shares they have under the obligation provided for in Article 16 of these Internal Rules.

Article 5: The Chairman of the Board of Directors

- **5.1** The Chairman convenes and chairs the Board of Directors meetings. He/she sets the timetable and agenda of the meetings. He/she organises and manages the work of the Board of Directors and reports on its activities to the General Meeting. He/she chairs the General Meetings of Shareholders.
- **5.2** The Chairman ensures the proper functioning of the Company's bodies and the implementation of the best corporate governance practices, in particular as regards the Committees set up within the Board of Directors, which he/she may attend without the right to vote. He/she may submit questions for the consideration of these Committees.
- **5.3** He/she receives all information relevant to his/her missions. He/she is regularly informed by the Chief Executive Officer and, where applicable, the Deputy Chief Executive Officers, of significant events relating to the life of the Group. He/she may request the disclosure of any information or document that may inform the Board of Directors. For the same purpose, he/she may hear the Statutory Auditors and, after having informed the Chief Executive Officer, any Group senior manager.
- **5.4** He/she ensures that the Directors are in a position to fulfill their missions and ensures that they are properly informed.
- **5.5** He/she is the only person authorized to speak on behalf of the Board of Directors, except in exceptional circumstances or with a specific mandate entrusted to another Director.
- **5.6** He/she devotes his/her best efforts to promote in all circumstances the values and the image of the Company. In consultation with the General Management, he/she may represent the Group in its high-level relations, in particular with major clients, regulators, major shareholders and public authorities, both domestically and internationally.
- **5.7** He/she has the material resources necessary for the performance of his/her missions.
- **5.8** The Chairman has no executive responsibilities, these responsibilities being exercised by the General Management which proposes and applies the Company's strategy, within the limits defined by law and in compliance with the corporate governance rules and directions set by the Board of Directors.

Article 6: Meetings of the Board of Directors

- 6.1 The Board of Directors shall hold at least eight meetings per year.
- **6.2** The Directors who participate in the meeting of the Board of Directors by means of videoconference or telecommunication enabling their identification and guaranteeing their effective participation shall be deemed present for the calculation of the quorum and the majority. To this end, the means chosen shall transmit at least the voice of the participants and comply with technical characteristics enabling the continuous and simultaneous transmission of the deliberations.

This provision does not apply when the Board of Directors is convened to carry out the work for establishing and adopting the annual and consolidated annual accounts and the Management Report.

- **6.3** Convening notices, which may be transmitted by the Secretary of the Board of Directors, are sent by letter, fax, e-mail or by any other means, including verbally.
- **6.4** Upon decision of the Chairman, the Deputy Chief Executive Officers or other Group senior managers or, where relevant, external persons whose attendance is useful to the deliberations may attend all or part of the meetings of the Board of Directors.

Article 7: Information provided to the Board of Directors

- **7.1** The Chairman or the Chief Executive Officer shall provide each Director and non-voting Director (*censeur*) with all information and documents necessary for the performance of his/her missions; he/she is provided with computer equipment enabling easy access to them. All protective measures deemed necessary are taken to preserve the confidentiality, integrity and availability of information and each member of the Board of Directors or any person who has received the documentation is responsible not only for the tools and materials thus made available to him but also of its accesses.
- **7.2** Effective Senior Managers shall inform the Board of Directors of all significant risks, risk management policies and changes made to them.
- **7.3** If necessary, in the event of changes in the risks affecting or likely to affect the Company, the Chief Risk Officer may report directly to the Board of Directors.
- **7.4** Meetings of the Board of Directors and the Committees are preceded by the on-line publication or availability in due course of a file on the agenda items that require special analysis and prior reflection whenever the respect of confidentiality so permits.

Moreover, between meetings, Directors shall receive all useful information, including critical information, about events or transactions significant for the Company. In particular, they shall receive press releases issued by the Company.

Article 8: Training of Directors

- 8.1 The Company devotes the necessary human and financial resources to the training of the Directors and, especially, the Directors representing the employees.
- **8.2** Training sessions on the specificities of the banking activity are organised each year.

Each Director may, on his/her appointment or throughout his/her term of office, benefit from any training that he/she deems necessary for the performance of the mandate.

8.3 These training sessions shall be organised by the Company which shall bear their costs.

Article 9: Committees of the Board of Directors

- **9.1** In certain areas, the Board of Directors' deliberations are prepared by specialized Committees composed of Directors appointed by the Board of Directors, which examine matters within their remit and submit their opinions and proposals to the Board of Directors.
- **9.2** These Committees are composed of members of the Board of Directors who do not hold any executive function within the Company and who have suitable knowledge for the performance of the missions of the Committee in which they participate.

These Committees may decide, as necessary, to involve other Directors, without the right to vote, in their meetings.

- **9.3** They shall have the necessary means to perform their missions and act under the responsibility of the Board of Directors.
- **9.4** In the performance of their respective duties, they may request the communication of any relevant information, hear the Chief Executive Officer, the Deputy Chief Executive Officers as well as the Group's senior managers and, after having informed the Chairman, request the carrying out of external technical studies, at the Company's expense. They shall report on the information obtained and the opinions collected.
- 9.5 There are four standing Committees:
 - the Audit and Internal Control Committee;
 - the Risk Committee;
 - the Compensation Committee; and
 - the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee.
- **9.6** Upon decision of the Chairmen of the relevant Committees, joint meetings between Committees may be arranged on topics of common interest. These meetings are co-chaired by the Chairmen of the Committees.
- **9.7** The Board of Directors may create one or more *ad hoc* Committees.
- **9.8** The Risk Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee may perform their missions for Group companies on a consolidated or sub-consolidated basis.
- **9.9** Each Committee shall be chaired by a Chairman appointed by the Board of Directors based on a proposal from the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee.

The Secretariat of each Committee is provided by a person designated by the Secretary of the Board of Directors.

9.10 The Chairman of each Committee shall report to the Board of Directors on the Committee's work. A written report of the Committees' work shall be regularly circulated to the Board of Directors.

Each Committee shall submit its annual work program to the Board of Directors.

9.11 Each Committee shall give an opinion to the Board of Directors on the part of the Universal Registration Document dealing with the issues falling within its scope of activity and prepare an

annual Activity Report, submitted to the Board of Directors' approval, to be inserted in the Universal Registration Document.

Article 10: The Audit and Internal Control Committee

10.1 The Audit and Internal Control Committee's mission is to monitor issues concerning the preparation and control of accounting and financial information as well as the monitoring of the effectiveness of internal control, measurement, monitoring and risk control systems.

10.2 In particular, it is responsible for:

- a) ensuring the monitoring of the process for the production of the financial information, particularly reviewing the quality and reliability of existing systems, making proposals for their improvement and ensuring that corrective actions have been implemented in the event of a malfunction in the process; where appropriate, it makes recommendations to ensure their integrity;
- b) analyzing the draft accounts to be submitted to the Board of Directors in order to, in particular, verify the clarity of the information provided and assess the relevance and consistency of the accounting methods adopted for drawing up annual accounts and consolidated annual accounts;
- c) conducting the procedure for selecting the Statutory Auditors and issuing a recommendation to the Board of Directors, developed in accordance with the provisions of Article 16 of the regulation (EU) n° 537/2014 dated 16 April 2014, concerning their appointment or renewal as well as their remuneration;
- d) ensuring the independence of the Statutory Auditors in accordance with the regulations in force;
- e) approving, in accordance with Article L. 823-19 of the French Commercial Code and the policy adopted by the Board of Directors, the provision of services other than the certification of accounts referred to in Article L. 822-11-2 of the said Code after analyzing the risks to the Statutory Auditor's independence and the safeguard measures applied by the latter;
- reviewing the work program of the Statutory Auditors and, more generally, monitoring the control of the accounts by the Statutory Auditors in accordance with the regulations in force;
- g) ensuring the monitoring of the effectiveness of internal control, risk management and internal audit systems, with regard to the procedures for the preparation and processing of the accounting and financial information. To this end, the Committee is responsible in particular for:
 - reviewing the Group's permanent control quarterly dashboard;
 - reviewing the internal control and risk control of the business segments, divisions and main subsidiaries;
 - reviewing the Group's periodic monitoring program and giving its opinion on the organization and functioning of the internal control departments;
 - reviewing the follow-up letters from the banking and markets supervisors and issuing an opinion on draft replies to these letters;
- h) reviewing the reports prepared in order to comply with the regulations in terms of internal control.

10.3 It regularly reports to the Board of Directors on the performance of its missions, including the outcomes of the mission of certification of the accounts, how this mission contributed to the integrity of the financial information and the role it played in this process. It informs the Board of Directors without delay of any difficulty encountered.

- **10.4** The Statutory Auditors shall be invited to the meetings of the Audit and Internal Control Committee, unless the Committee decides otherwise. They may also be consulted outside these meetings.
- **10.5** The Audit and Internal Control Committee or its Chairman also hear the heads of the internal control functions (risk, compliance, internal audit) as well as the Chief Financial Officer and, as necessary, the managers in charge of drawing up the accounts, internal control, risk control, compliance control and periodic control.
- **10.6** The Audit and Internal Control Committee is composed of at least three Directors appointed by the Board of Directors, who have the appropriate financial, accounting, or statutory audit skills. At least two thirds of the Committee's members are independent within the meaning of the AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code.

Article 11: The Risk Committee

- 11.1 The Risk Committee advises the Board of Directors on the overall strategy and the appetite regarding all kinds of risks, both current and future, and assists it when it controls the implementation of this strategy.
- **11.2** In particular, it is responsible for:
 - a) preparing the debates of the Board of Directors on documents relating to risk appetite;
 - b) reviewing the risk control procedures and is consulted for the setting of overall risk limits;
 - c) undertaking a regular review of the strategies, policies, procedures and systems used to detect, manage and monitor the liquidity risk and communicating its conclusions to the Board of Directors;
 - d) issuing an opinion on the Group's global provisioning policy, as well as on specific provisions for significant amounts;
 - e) reviewing the reports prepared to comply with the banking regulations on risks;
 - f) reviewing the policy concerning risk control and the monitoring of off-balance sheet commitments, especially in the light of the memoranda prepared to this end by the Finance Division, the Risk Division and the Statutory Auditors;
 - g) reviewing, as part of its mission, whether the prices for the products and services mentioned in books II and III of the French Monetary and Financial Code and offered to clients are consistent with the Company's risk strategy. When these prices do not correctly reflect the risks, it informs the Board of Directors accordingly and gives its opinion on the action plan to remedy the situation;
 - h) without prejudice to the Compensation Committee's missions, reviewing whether the incentives provided for by the compensation policy and practices are consistent with the Company's situation with regard to the risks to which it is exposed, its capital and its liquidity, as well as the probability and timing of expected benefits;

- reviewing the risks associated with the Group's implementation of the guidelines on social and environmental responsibility and the indicators relating to the Conduct as part of the "Culture and Conduct" program;
- j) reviewing the enterprise risk management related to the Company's operations in the United States in accordance with the requirements of the US Federal Reserve's Enhanced Prudential Standard Rules and supervisory guidelines. When acting as US Risk Committee, the Risk Committee operates under a dedicated charter, which forms part of and supplements this Section. The Chairman of the Risk Committee reports the work adopted by the US Risk Committee to the Board of Directors, which validates it;
- k) reviewing the policy to fight money laundering and the financing of terrorism referred to in Article L. 561-4-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code, the systems and procedures put in place to comply with the provisions of II of Article L. 561-36-1 and the corrective measures necessary to remedy significant incidents and shortcomings in the fight against money laundering and terrorist financing and the freezing of assets and the prohibition of provision or use of funds or economic resources and to ensure their effectiveness.
- **11.3** It has all information on the Company's risk situation. It may use the services of the Chief Risk Officer or external experts.
- **11.4** The Statutory Auditors are invited to the meetings of the Risk Committee, unless the Committee decides otherwise. They may also be consulted outside these meetings.

The Risk Committee or its Chairman hear the heads of the internal control functions (risk, compliance, internal audit) as well as the Chief Financial Officer and, as necessary, the managers responsible for drawing up the accounts, internal control, risk control, compliance control and periodic control.

11.5 The Risk Committee is composed of at least three Directors appointed by the Board of Directors who have knowledge, skills and expertise concerning risks. At least two thirds of the Committee's members are independent within the meaning of the AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code.

Article 12: The Compensation Committee

- **12.1** The Compensation Committee prepares the decisions that the Board of Directors adopts concerning compensation, especially those related to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officers (*dirigeants mandataires sociaux*) as well as those that have an impact on the risk and the management of risks in the Company.
- 12.2 It conducts an annual review of:
 - a) the principles of the Company's compensation policy;
 - b) the compensation, allowances and benefits of any kind granted to the Company officers (mandataires sociaux) as well as the Effective Senior Managers, if they are different;
 - c) the compensation policy for regulated employees within the meaning of the banking regulations.
- **12.3** It controls the compensation of the Chief Risk Officer and the Chief Compliance Officer.
- 12.4 It receives all information necessary for its mission and in particular the Annual Report sent to the European Central Bank.

12.5 It may be assisted by the internal control services or by external experts.

12.6 In particular, the Committee:

- a) proposes to the Board of Directors, in compliance with the regulations applicable to credit institutions, the principles given by the AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code and professional standards, the principles of the compensation policy for the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officers (*dirigeants mandataires sociaux*), and especially the criteria for the determination, the structure and the amount of this compensation, including allowances and benefits in kind, insurance or pension benefits, and compensation of any kind received from all the Group companies; it ensures their application;
- b) prepares the annual performance assessment of the Chief Executive Officers (dirigeants mandataires sociaux exécutifs);
- c) proposes to the Board of Directors the policy for performance shares;
- d) prepares the decisions of the Board of Directors concerning the employee savings plan.
- **12.7** It is composed of at least three Directors and includes a Director elected by the employees. At least two thirds of the Committee's members are independent within the meaning of the AFEP-MEDEF Code⁽¹⁾. Its composition enables it to exercise a competent and independent judgement on the compensation policies and practices with regard to the management of risks, the equity and the liquidities of the Company.

Article 13: The Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee

- **13.1** The Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee:
 - a) is responsible for making proposals to the Board of Directors for the appointment of Directors, non-voting Directors (censeurs) and Committees members as well as on the succession of the Company officers (mandataires sociaux), especially in the event of an unforeseeable vacancy, after having carried out necessary studies. To this end, it prepares the selection criteria to be submitted to the Board of Directors, proposes to the Board of Directors an objective to be achieved concerning the balanced representation of women and men on the Board of Directors and develops a policy designed to achieve this objective^[2]. The objective and the policy thus set are decided by the Board of Directors;
 - b) periodically reviews, and at least once a year the structure, size, composition and effectiveness of the Board of Directors' work with regard to the missions assigned to it and submits to the Board of Directors any recommendation relevant to the carrying out of the annual assessment of the Board of Directors and its members. This assessment is prepared by the Committee, its Chairman reporting to the Board of Directors. Every three years, when the assessment is carried out by an external firm, the Committee makes any proposal for the selection of the firm and the smooth running of the assessment;
 - c) periodically reviews the Board of Directors' policies concerning the selection and appointment of the Effective Senior Managers, the Deputy Chief Executive Officers and the Heads of risk, compliance, audit and finance functions; it makes recommendations in this area;

- d) is informed in advance of the appointment of the Heads of risk, compliance, audit and finance functions. It is also informed of the appointment of the Heads of Business Units or of Service Units. It is informed of the succession plan for these senior officers (*dirigeants*);
- e) prepares the review by the Board of Directors of corporate governance issues as well as the Board of Directors' work on matters relating to Corporate culture. It proposes to the Board of Directors the presentation of the Board of Directors in the Universal Registration Document and in particular the list of independent Directors.
- **13.2** It is composed of at least three Directors. At least two thirds of the Committee's members are independent within the meaning of the AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code. The Chief Executive Officer is involved, as necessary, in the Committee's work.

Article 14: Conflicts of interest

- 14.1 The Director shall inform the Secretary of the Board of Directors of any conflict of interest, including potential ones, in which he/she may be directly or indirectly involved. He/she shall refrain from taking part in the debates and decision-making on related matters.
- **14.2** The Chairman is in charge of managing conflict of interest situations of the members of the Board of Directors. Where appropriate, he/she refers the matter to the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee. Regarding conflicts which could affect him/her personally, he/she refers to the Chairman of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee.

If necessary, the Chairman may invite a Director having a conflict of interest not to attend the deliberation.

- **14.3** The Director shall inform the Chairman and the Chairman of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee of his/her intention to accept a new mandate, including his/her participation in a Committee, in a listed company that does not belong to a group of which he/she is an executive officer (*dirigeant*), in order to enable the Board of Directors, based on the Committee's proposal, to decide where appropriate that such an appointment would be inconsistent with the directorship in Societe Generale.
- **14.4** The Director shall inform the Chairman of the Board of Directors of any conviction for fraud, of any incrimination and/or public sanction, and of any prohibition to manage or administer that may have been pronounced against him/her, as well as any bankruptcy, sequestration or liquidation proceedings to which he/she may have been associated.
- **14.5** Each Director shall make a sworn statement as to the existence or otherwise of the situations referred to in 14.1 and 14.3: i) upon taking up his/her office, ii) each year in response to the request made by the Secretary of the Board of Directors upon the preparation of the Universal Registration Document, iii) at any time if the Secretary of the Board of Directors requests it and iv) within 10 working days following the occurrence of any event that renders the previous statement made by him/her in whole or in part inaccurate.

⁽¹⁾ For the calculation of the rate of independents within the Committees, the AFEP-MEDEF Code does not take employees into account.

⁽²⁾ The objective and policy of the credit institutions, as well as the terms of implementation, are made public in accordance with paragraph 2 (c) of Article 435 of regulation (EU) n° 575/2013 dated 26 June 2013.



- 15.1 The overall amount of the Directors' compensation is set by the General Meeting. The Board of Directors may decide to only partially use it. It may decide to allocate a budget for specific tasks or temporary workload increases for some members of the Board of Directors or of Committees.
- **15.2** The Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer, when he/she is also a Director, do not receive this compensation.
- **15.3** As from 1 May 2018, the amount of allocated compensation is reduced by a sum equal to EUR 200,000 to be distributed between the members of the Risk Committee and the members of the Audit and Internal Control Committee gathered as the US Risk Committee. This amount is distributed in equal portions, except for the Chairman of the Risk Committee who has two portions.

The balance is then reduced by a lump sum of EUR 130,000 distributed between the Chairman of the Audit and Internal Control Committee and the Chairman of the Risk Committee.

- **15.4** The balance is divided into 50% fixed, 50% variable. The number of fixed portions per Director is 6. Additional fixed portions are allocated:
 - Chairman of the Audit and Internal Control Committee or of the Risk Committee: four portions;
 - Chairman of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee or of the Compensation Committee: three portions;
 - Member of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee or of the Compensation Committee: half a portion;
 - Member of the Audit and Internal Control Committee or of the Risk Committee: one portion.

The additional fixed portions may be reduced in proportion to the actual attendance when the attendance over the year is below 80%.

15.5 The variable portion of the compensation is divided up at the end of the year, in proportion to the number of meetings or working meetings of the Board of Directors and of each of the Committees which each Director has attended.

Article 16: Shares held in a personal capacity

16.1 Each Director appointed by the General Meeting (whether in his/her own name or as a permanent representative of a legal entity) must hold the equivalent of at least 1,000 shares. Each Director has a six-month time frame to hold the 600 shares provided for by the By-laws and an additional six-month time frame to increase his/her holding to 1,000 shares.

16.2 Each Director shall refrain from hedging his/her shares.

Article 17: Reimbursement of expenses

17.1 Directors' travel, accommodation, meals and mission expenses pertaining to the meetings of the Board of Directors or of the Committees of the Board of Directors, the General Meeting of Shareholders or any other meetings related to the work of the Board of Directors or the Committees, are paid for or reimbursed by Societe Generale, upon submission of receipts.

At least once a year, the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee considers these and, as necessary, makes proposals or recommendations.

- **17.2** As to the Chairman, the Company also pays the expenses necessary for the performance of his/her duties.
- **17.3** The Secretary of the Board of Directors receives and verifies the relevant supportive documents and ensures that the sums due are paid or reimbursed.

Article 18: Secret

- **18.1** Each Director is bound by a strict professional secrecy with regard to the confidential information he/she receives, the discussions in which he/she participates, the decisions taken as long as they are not made public as well as with regard to the views expressed by each of them.
- **18.2** He/she obliges himself/herself to a duty of care and a duty to alert.

Article 19: Non-voting Director (Censeur)

The non-voting Director attends the Board of Directors' meetings and can participate in the meetings of the specialized Committees, in a consultative capacity. He is subject to the same rules of ethics, confidentiality and deontology as the Directors. Articles 2, 3.2, 3.3, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 7.1, 7.4, 14, 17 and 18 of the Internal Rules are applicable to the non-voting Director.

The compensation of the non-voting Director is set by the Board of Directors upon the proposal from the Compensation Committee. It is equal to the average of the compensation paid to Directors in application of article 15 of the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors with the exception of the compensation paid to the Chairmen of the Committees and to the Directors who are members of the US Risk Committee. This compensation takes into account his attendance.

CHARTER OF THE U.S. RISK COMMITTEE OF THE SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (THE "CHARTER")

MANDATE

The U.S. Risk Committee ("Committee" or the "USRC") of the Societe Generale ("SG" or "SG Group") Board of Directors ("Board") is formed in accordance with the requirements of the Enhanced Prudential Standards for Bank Holding Companies and Foreign Banking Organizations ("EPS Rules") as promulgated by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System⁽¹⁾. The Committee's mandate is to (a) review all kinds of risks, both current and future, relating to, booked in or arising from SG's business, activities, affairs and operations in the United States, including SG's subsidiaries, branches, agencies and representative offices in the United States (collectively, "SGUS"), (b) advise the Board on the overall strategy and the appetite regarding such risks, and (c) assist the Board when it oversees the implementation of this strategy; and (d) oversee the adequacy and effectiveness of the SGUS Internal Audit function.

For avoidance of doubt, it is the responsibility of SG and SGUS senior management to identify and assess SGUS' exposure to risk and escalate those risks, and planned mitigants, to the Committee. Although the Committee is responsible for overseeing the SGUS enterprise risk management function and challenging management on SGUS risk issues, it is not the sole body responsible for ensuring that SGUS' risk management function is carried out efficiently and effectively.

CHARTER

This charter forms part of and supplements Section 11.2(j) of the Internal Rules of the SG Board of Directors, as amended from time to time (the **"Internal Rules"**), which forms the USRC. Any topic not covered herein shall be governed by the Internal Rules.

MEMBERSHIP

The Committee is composed of the members of the SG Board's Risk Committee (*Comité des Risques*), the Chair of the Board's Audit and Internal Control Committee (*Comité d'Audit et de Contrôle Interne*) and the other members of the *Comité d'Audit et de Contrôle Interne* unless the Board has provided an exception to one or more of such members. The Committee is chaired by the Chair of the *Comité des Risques*. If the Committee Chair cannot be present at a meeting, he or she shall delegate the role to the Chair of the *Comité d'Audit et de Contrôle Interne*.

The Committee shall meet the requirements for independent membership set out in the Internal Rules and shall at all times include at least one member who meets the independence requirements set forth in the EPS Rules.

QUORUM AND COMMITTEE DECISIONS

The presence of at least a majority of the members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum. If a quorum is present, the Committee may act through the vote of a majority of the Directors who are in attendance. Committee members may attend meetings in person, or by video conference or by telephone. Committee decisions may be taken absent a meeting by unanimous written consent.

AGENDA AND COMMITTEE MATERIALS

The Committee shall approve an annual agenda submitted to it by the SGUS Chief Executive Officer after consultation with the SGUS Chief Risk Officer and SGUS General Counsel. The agenda for each meeting is based off the approved annual agenda, with-additions and modifications as relevant issues within the USRC's mandate arise each year, which is proposed for Committee approval by the SGUS Chief Executive Officer. Materials for each meeting of the Committee are typically circulated to Committee members no less than five business days prior to meetings.

MEETING FREQUENCY

The Committee may meet as often as it determines is appropriate to carry out its responsibilities under this charter, provided that the Committee shall meet at least once per quarter. Special meetings of the Committee may be held from time to time.

MEETING MINUTES

The SGUS General Counsel (or his or her designee) shall be the Secretary of the Committee and shall document the meetings. Minutes shall be circulated to the Committee members prior to the next meeting of the Committee and shall be approved at such subsequent meeting of the Committee. The official records of Committee meetings shall be maintained by the Secretary to the Board.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The mandate of the Committee, including its function of challenging management, is set forth above. The Committee's specific roles and responsibilities in fulfillment of this mandate include the following:

- regularly receiving updates from the heads of the internal control functions (risk, compliance, internal audit) as well as the Chief Financial Officer and, as necessary, other SGUS Managers;
- at least annually, reviewing and approving the SGUS enterprise risk management framework including, but not limited to, the elements of the framework relating to liquidity risk management, and any material revisions thereto;
- at least annually, reviewing and approving the SGUS Risk Appetite Statement, and any material revisions thereto, and reviewing any other relevant overarching policies establishing the SGUS risk management governance and risk control infrastructure as well as the processes and systems for implementing, monitoring and reporting compliance with such policies;
- on a quarterly basis, reviewing a quarterly-report from the U.S. Chief Risk Officer on risks affecting SGUS, which risks include, but are not limited to, liquidity risk. For avoidance of doubt, no member of the SG management has the right to demand changes to or veto the contents of the quarterly risk report;
- at least annually, reviewing and approving the SGUS Liquidity Risk Policy, and any material revisions thereto;

(1) 79 Fed. Reg. 17, 240 (Mar. 27, 2014), codified at 12 C.F.R. Part 252.

- at least quarterly, and more frequently if needed, conducting *in* camera meetings with the SGUS Chief Risk Officer with no other SG Group or SGUS personnel present. In addition, the SGUS Chief Risk Officer shall have unfettered access to the USRC should he or she need to report an issue, finding, conclusion, recommendation or analysis to the Committee;
- at least annually, reviewing and approving the acceptable level of liquidity risk that SG may assume in connection with the operating strategies for its combined U.S. operations (liquidity risk tolerance), taking into account the capital structure, risk profile, complexity, activities, size and SG's enterprise-wide liquidity risk tolerance of such operations;
- at least semi-annually, reviewing information sufficient to determine whether SG's combined U.S. operations are operating in accordance with its established liquidity risk tolerance and to ensure that such liquidity risk tolerance is consistent with SG's enterprise-wide liquidity risk tolerance;
- at least annually, reviewing SGUS significant business lines and products to determine whether each creates or has created any unanticipated liquidity risk and whether the liquidity risk of each is within the established liquidity risk tolerance;
- at least annually, reviewing and approving the SGUS contingency funding plan and any material revisions thereto;
- at least annually, reviewing the SGUS business plans, results and strategy;
- on a regular basis, reviewing progress on all SGUS remediation projects arising from prudential supervisory issues;
- at least quarterly, reviewing information about the SGUS corporate compliance framework, including metrics, updates and challenges;
- at least annually, reviewing and approving the SGUS Compliance Risk Management Program Framework and any material revisions thereto;
- serving as the ultimate oversight body over SGUS' compliance with U.S. anti-money laundering laws, including the Bank Secrecy Act, Office of Foreign Assets Control regulations, and applicable know-your-customer requirements and, at least annually, reviewing the SGUS framework for compliance with such regulations and requirements;
- annually, reviewing and approving the SGUS Internal Audit function ("SGIAA") proposed annual audit plan, SGIAA Charter and key performance indicators;
- on a regular basis, reviewing reports from SGIAA relating to: the conclusions of the audit work, including the adequacy of key SGUS risk management processes, areas of higher risk, the status of issues and recommendations, root-cause analysis, and information on significant industry and institution thematic trends;

- on a regular basis, receiving a presentation from the SGIAA Chief Audit Executive provided outside of the presence of SGUS senior management (other than the SGUS Chief Executive Officer and the SGUS General Counsel) relating to: the completion status of the annual audit plan, including any significant changes made to such plan; updates on ongoing SGIAA remediation plans, if any; and the results of SGIAA key performance indicators and internal and external quality assurance reviews;
- as and when requested by SGIAA, conducting *in camera* meetings with the SGIAA Chief Audit Executive. In addition, the SGIAA Chief Audit Executive shall have unfettered access to the USRC should he or she need to report an issue, finding, conclusion, recommendation or analysis to the Committee;
- at least annually: reviewing SGIAA's annual Independent and Objectivity Assertion Presentation and SGIAA's annual skills assessment; assessing the ability of SGIAA to operate independently and objectively; and raising any concerns regarding SGIAA to the Group Head of Inspection and Audit and the SGUS CEO; and
- at least annually, receiving information and training on a range of topics affecting SGUS. Such topics will change from time to time but will typically include anti-bribery and corruption, liquidity risk, human resources, culture & conduct, information technology risk management; cybersecurity, regulatory developments and litigation and enforcement developments.

Additional details on the periodicity of all the foregoing topics are set forth in the annual agenda of the Committee.

For avoidance of doubt, all SGIAA presentations referenced herein shall be made to the Committee and the SGIAA Chief Audit Executive interactions described herein shall be with the Committee. The Group Audit function shall continue to report to the *Comité d'Audit et de Contrôle Interne* and may in its discretion include information in its reports about any matters relating to SGUS or SGIAA and its work.

Annex A contains a list of all documents scheduled for approval by the Committee on an annual basis. Other items may also be presented to the Committee for approval as needed.

AMENDMENTS TO THIS CHARTER

Amendments to this charter shall be approved by the Committee and the SG Board after prior examination by the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board.

USE OF ADVISORS

The Committee may request select, retain and terminate special risk management, legal, financial, accounting, audit or other professional advisors to assist the Committee in performing its responsibilities under this charter at the corporation's expense, after informing the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the Board of Directors itself, and subject to reporting back to the Board thereon. Such retention shall be coordinated by the Committee Chair with the assistance of the Secretary to the Board.

Annex A: List of Items Approved by the Committee Annually

SGUS Risk Appetite Statement

SGUS Liquidity Risk Tolerance

SGUS Enterprise Risk Management Framework

SGUS Contingency Funding Plan

SGUS Liquidity Risk Policy

Annual U.S. Risk Committee Agenda

Proposed USRC training program (included in the Annual U.S. Risk Committee Agenda)

SGUS Compliance Risk Management Program Framework

SGIAA Charter

SGIAA Key Performance Indicators

SGIAA Annual Audit Plan

7.6 LIST OF REGULATED INFORMATION PUBLISHED IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS⁽¹⁾

Press releases under regulated information

- 07.04.2021 Entry into exclusive negotiation with Amundi with a view to disposing of the asset management activities of Lyxor
- 29.04.2021 General Meeting of Noteholders
- 30.07.2021 The European Banking Authority published the results of the 2021 European stress testing exercise
- 27.10.2021 Societe Generale and ALD disclose that they are holding discussions with Lease Plan and its shareholders concerning a potential merger of ALD and LeasePlan to create a global player in mobility
- 03.03.2022 Update on the Group's current situation in Ukraine and Russia

Universal Registration Document and amendments - Annual Financial Report

- 17.03.2021 Universal Registration Document 2021
- 17.03.2021 Availability of the Universal Registration Document 2021
- 07.05.2021- Availability of the first update to the 2021 Registration Document filed on 7 May 2021
- 07.05.2021 First update to the 2021 Universal Registration Document filed on 7 May 2021
- 04.08.2021 Availability of the second amendment to the Universal Registration Document
- 04.08.2021 Second amendment to the Universal Registration Document filed on 4 August 2021
- 04.11.2021 Availability of the third amendment to the Universal Registration Document
- 04.11.2021 Third amendment to the Universal Registration Document filed on 4 November 2021

Quarterly financial information

- 06.05.2021 1st quarter 2021 results
- 03.08.2021 2nd quarter 2021 results
- 04.11.2021 3rd quarter 2021 results
- 10.02.2022 Full-year 2021 and 4th quarter results

Monthly reports on total amount of voting rights and shares

12 report forms

Description of the buyback programmes and statement of the liqudity agreement

- 08.01.2021 Half-year statement on the liquidity agreement
- 11.05.2021 Description of share buyback programme
- 07.07.2021 Half-year statement on the liquidity agreement
- from 04.11.2021 to 17.12.2021 Report on share buyback and information regarding executed transactions within the framework of a share buyback programme (7 reports)

Reports on corporate governance

17.03.2021 – Availability of the report on corporate governance

Press releases for access to or consultation of the information relative to shareholders' general meetings

 21.04.2021 – Availability or consultation of information relating to the Combined General Meeting of Shareholders of 18 May 2021

(1) Full information available at https://investors.societegenerale.com/en/financial-and-non-financial-information/regulated-information.